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of seized liquors to appear within twenty days and show cause why the liquors should not be forfeited. At the time and place specified in the warrant, any person claiming any interest in the seized liquors may interpose a verified answer to the allegations upon which the warrant was issued. The issue thus joined is triable in the court as other issues of fact are tried. If it be established on trial or in case no answer is interposed in a hearing without trial that the seized liquors were kept for unlawful sale or distribution, judgment of forfeiture to the State must be entered. In such case the judgment must provide for the public destruction of the liquors and the vessels in which they are contained. No other penalties are provided by the act.

JOHN A. LAPP.

Literary Institutes. Provision for the organization and maintenance of "mechanics' and literary institutes" in the province of Alberta is made in a provincial act assented to March 5, 1908.

The object in establishing such institutes is "to encourage mechanics, manufactures and arts generally: (a) by having evening classes organized for the imparting of practical instruction to the pupils; (b) by establishing a library of books on one or more of the following subjects, viz: mechanics, manufactures, agriculture, horticulture, philosophy, science, the fine and decorative arts, history, travels, poetry, biography, and fiction; (c) establishing a reading room."

An institute may be organized whenever thirty persons resident in any city, town, or village, or in any township or two contiguous townships agree to form themselves into an institute, promise to pay an annual membership subscription of at least one dollar, and in other respects, agree to conform to the regular procedure provided for the organization of institutes.

M. A. S.

Night Work in Italian Bakeries. A law of March 22, 1908, forbids night labor in bakeries and pastry shops between 9 o'clock and 4 o'clock except that work may continue until 11 o'clock on Saturday night. The prohibition is applied specifically to the preparation of yeast, to the firing of furnaces, and to kneading and baking.

On account of the cooking of yeast the communal council may permit labor to commence two hours earlier during the months of June, July, August and September, if the necessities of the industry, or of the locality or the kinds of bread demand. The advice of the chief